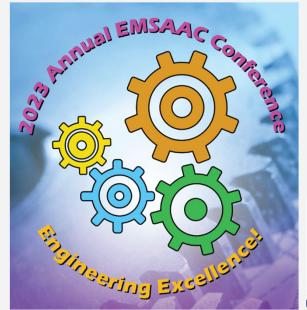
A Neuropharmacological model of Buprenorphine Initiation After Opioid Overdose: Current observations from CA Bridge and Directions for Research

Andrew Herring MD

Chief of Addiction Medicine Alameda Health System Oakland, CA

PI and Founder Bridge | Treatment, Equity, Connection











Overdose is THE LEADING CAUSE OF DEATH among 15-44 year olds in California.

Urgency to create a survival ENVIRONMENT

ADDICTIVE DISORDERS: EDITED BY JOHN B. SAUNDERS AND LINDA B. COTTLER

The rise of illicit fentanyls, stimulants and the fourth wave of the opioid overdose crisis

Ciccarone, Daniel Author Information

Current Opinion in Psychiatry: July 2021 - Volume 34 - Issue 4 - p 344-350



Drug and Alcohol Dependence Volume 222, 1 May 2021, 108673



Voting with their feet: Social factors linked with treatment for opioid use disorder using same-day buprenorphine delivered in California hospitals

Mariah M. Kalmin ^a A ≅ , David Goodman-Meza ^{a, b}, Erik Anderson ^c, Ariana Abid ^a, Melissa Speener ^d, Hannah Snyder ^{d, c}, Arianna Campbell ^{d, f}, Aimee Moulin ^{d, g}, Steve Shoptaw ^a, Andrew A. Herring ^{c, d}

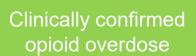




EMS Buprenorphine Project Expansion

- Buprenorphine is local optional scope
 of practice for all California paramedics
- CDPH invested \$2.4 million
- 11 LEMSAs in the coming year









Overdose Suspected

Respiratory rate recovers but remains sedated or confused

Wakes up fully in some degree of withdrawal



ED engagement, initiation of treatment, and Peer navigation

General Paramedic administers Bup



Paramedicine Overdose team directs Bup initiation

Overdose, naloxone, 16mg SL Bup

Patient Experience

"I was very sick, in precipitated withdrawal. They (EMS) were able to offer me the Suboxone medication... I was able to take the medication right there on the spot. That 30 minutes was vital in getting back to normal, even though it was only 30 minutes that helped me a lot. We were able to go to the hospital where I received care and I got more suboxone... it made the biggest difference in how I felt and was able to come to and realize what was going on."

Two part theory of Precipitated Withdrawal

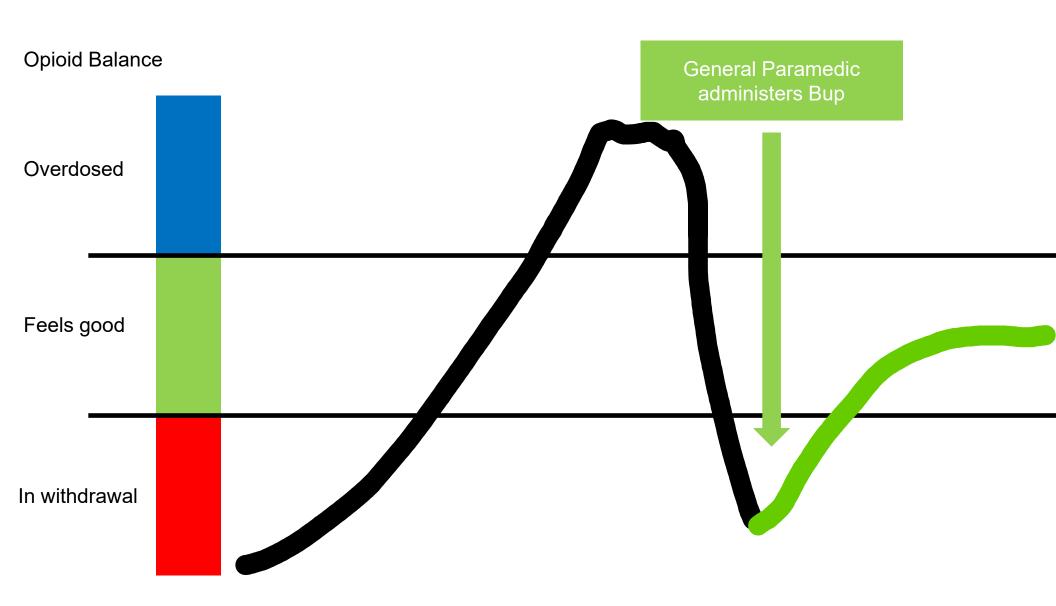
cows

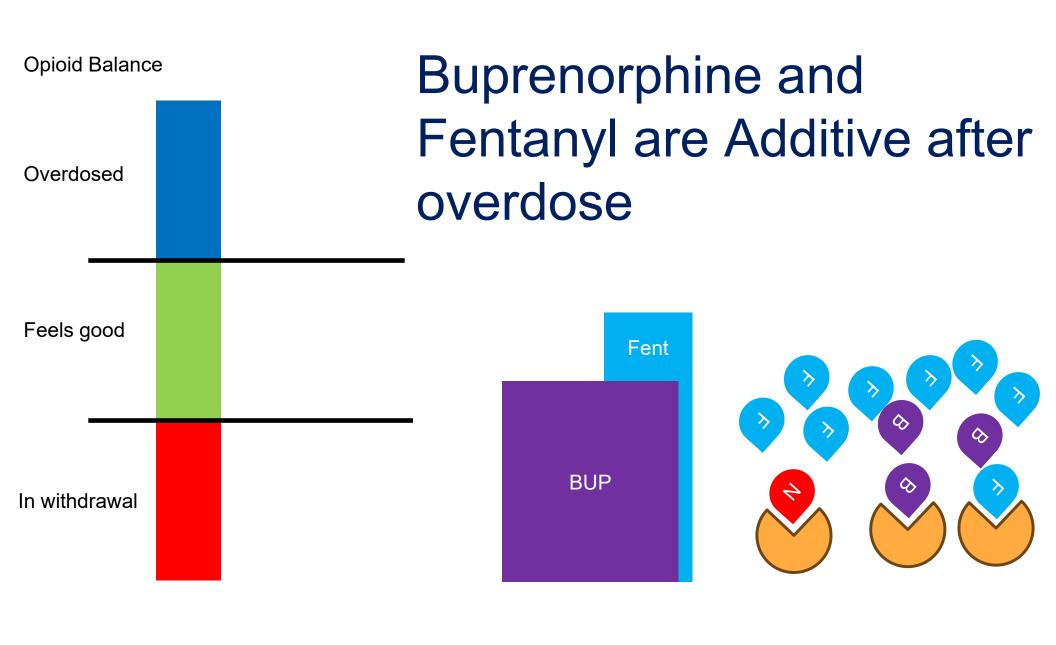
Receptor level disruption (Acute)

Rate of agonist displacement by Bup

Opioid deficit (Chronic exposure/physical dependence)

Total mu agonist





Opioid Exposure



Smokes 80-90 fentanyl tablets 3 years

"Neuroadaptive Hurdle"

Profound Desensitization

Small changes cause large disruptions

Traumatized Unsupported



Snorts 1/2 gm black tar per day 6 moths

Moderate

Desensitization

Intact resilience supported



Withdrawal Assessment is a snap shot only



COWS 8

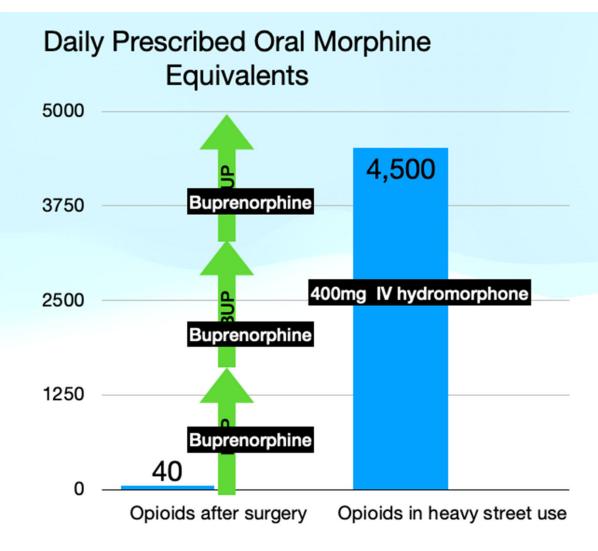
Opioid resistant

Opioid sensitive

EZ-BUP

Profound opioid resistance / tolerance





Buprenorphine Precipitated Withdrawal

Target

Opioid deficit

Opioid resistance

Symptom Feedback loops (somatic & affective)

Treatment

Full agonist opioids Buprenorphine

Ketamine

Adjuncts:

Alpha-2 agonists, benzodiazepines, anticonvulsants, antipsychotics, loperamide, D2/D3 agonists

Buprenorphine Precipitated Withdrawal Residual Goal

Early

- 1. Act quickly
- 2. Calm & confident
- 3. Benzo PO
- 4. High-dose Bup (16mg)

Clonidine D2/3 agonist Gabapentinoid Acute

- Monitored bed
- 2. Bup- 64mg SL
- Ketamine 20 IV q 30
- Fentanyl 200mcg Q 10 min

1. Pramipexole 0.5mg

- 2. Clonidine 0.3mg
- 3. Benzo (loraz 1mg IV)
- 4. Pregabalin 100-300mg po

Olanzepine 10mg IM

Sublocade



Published Evidence Paramedic administered buprenorphine

- Buprenorphine used for opioid withdrawal treatment by Paramedics
 - Abstinence withdrawal
 - Bup Precipitated withdrawal
 - Naloxone precipitated withdrawal
- No additional staff, simple algorithm, expert MD available by phone



Buprenorphine Field Initiation of ReScue Treatment by Emergency Medical Services (Bupe FIRST EMS): A Case Series

Gerard G. Carroll, Deena D. Wasserman, Aman A. Shah, Matthew S. Salzman, Kaitlan E. Baston, Rick A. Rohrbach, Iris L. Jones & Rachel Haroz



Prehospital Initiation of Buprenorphine Treatment for Opioid Use Disorder by Paramedics

H. Gene Hern, David Goldstein, M Kalmin, S Kidane, S Shoptaw, Ori Tzvieli & Andrew A Herring

Contra Costa County EMS Buprenorphine Project Impact

- Contra Costa County
- Alameda County
- San Francisco County





1,500+

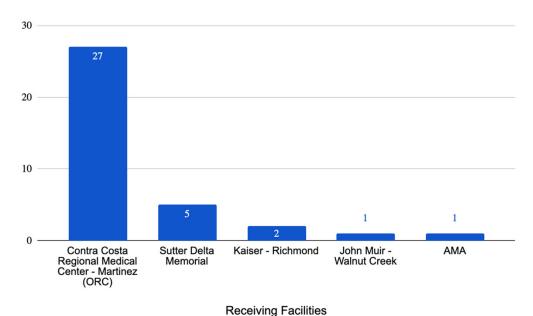
Patients screened for OUD

110

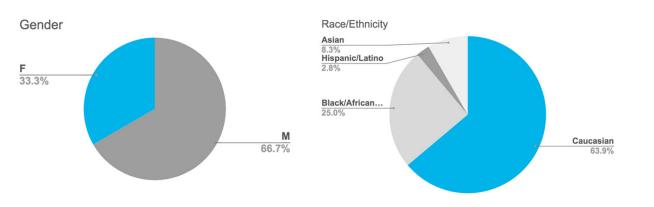
Patients given
Buprenorphine by
EMS

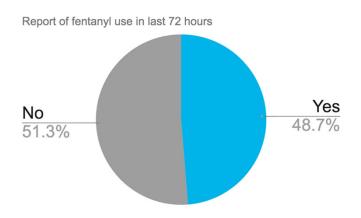
Receiving Facilities

The graph displays the hospitals patients are transported to following buprenorphine administration by EMS. Paramedics encourage patients to go to the overdose receiving facility (ORC), Contra Costa Regional Medical Center - Martinez to receive optimal substance use disorder (SUD) care.



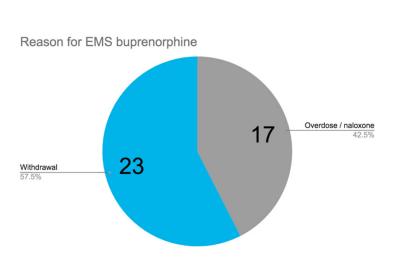
Many use fentanyl

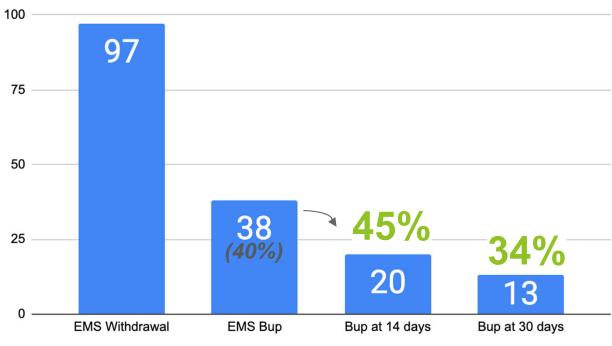




Follow-up is very high







Research Questions?

Scope? How many overdose victims are eligible for treatment

Treatment details—staff structure dose, timing etc

Effectiveness? Does EMS Bup lead to engagement? Decreased mortality?

Implementation strategy to scale?

Equity-is this a strategy to reach people not successful accessing treatment in traditional ways?

Research Questions?

Develop a Protocol

Delphi Consensus Method and focus groups with all partners (EMS, ED, patients)

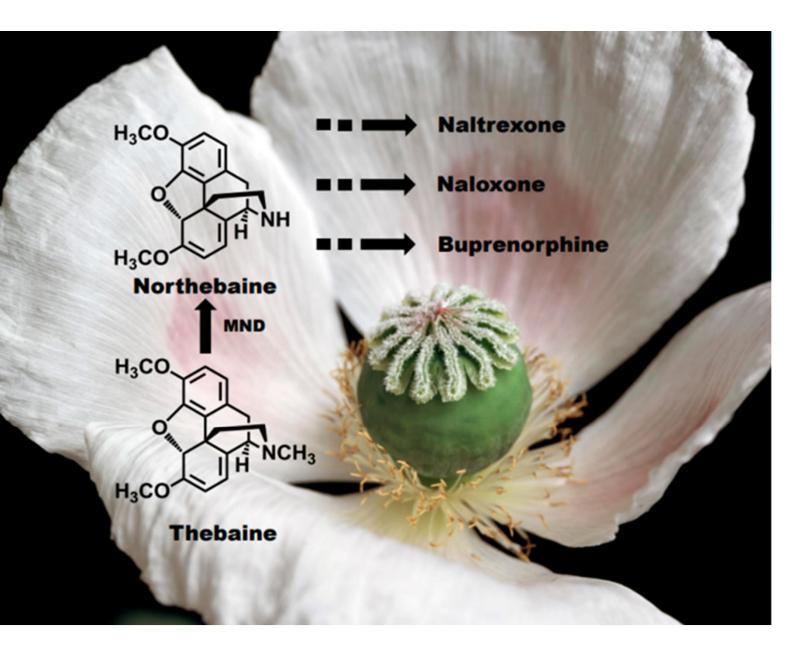


Procedures Feasibility Acceptability

Effectiveness Trial

Primary outcome of engagement in treatment after EMS Buprenorphine initiation





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